

Knowledge Organiser:

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Year Art and Design

Spring Term: Beneath the Surface - Sea life (Print)

Artist, Hiroshige (1797 - 1858),

e artist, considered the last

was a Japanese ukiyo-

great master of that

Ukiyo-e is a genre of

flourished from the 17th

through 19th centuries. Its

Japanese art which

artists produced

woodblock prints.

Utagawa Hiroshige

tradition.

This term you will cover a range of knowledge and skills in the following:

- Gyotaku (魚拓, from gyo "fish" + taku "stone impression") is the traditional Japanese method of printing fish.
- This practice which dates back to the mid-1800s. This form of nature printing was used by fishermen to record their catches, but has also become an art form of its own.

Gabriele Meyer's linocuts



Mariann Johansen-Ellis linocuts



Screen printing is the process of transferring a stenciled design onto a flat surface using a mesh screen, ink and a squeegee.



You will be assessed:

TA2 A01 A02 Exploring materials and artist research

Printing

- Printing is the process of making images that can be transferred onto other surfaces.
- It can be used to make one or more identical images or to create repeating patterns on papers and textiles.
- Traditional printmaking techniques include woodcut, etching, engraving, and lithography, while modern artists have expanded available techniques to include screen printing.

Wooden Print Block



Monoprinting is the process of making a print using 'mark making'.



Katsushika Hokusai

- Japanese artist who created koi paintings and drawings.
- Japanese believe the word carp represents good fortune and luck.
- Also, koi is another word meaning love.





How do we use Knowledge Organisers in Art.

How can you use knowledge organisers at home to help us?

- **Retrieval Practice**: Read over a section of the knowledge organiser, cover it up and then write down everything you can remember. Repeat until you remember everything.
- **Flash Cards:** Using the Knowledge Organisers to help on one side of a piece of paper write a question, on the other side write an answer. Ask someone to test you by asking a question and seeing if you know the answer.
- **Mind Maps:** Turn the information from the knowledge organiser into a mind map. Then reread the mind map and on a piece of paper half the size try and recreate the key phrases of the mind map from memory.
- **Sketch it:** Draw an image to represent each fact; this can be done in isolation or as part of the mind map/flash card.
- **Teach it:** Teach someone the information on your knowledge organiser, let them ask you questions and see if you know the answers.

How will we use knowledge organisers in Art

- Visual Support: To show a WAGOLL, to explain connection of four Assessment Objectives..
- Literacy Support: Support on written work, particularly for AO1 with keywords.

SENTENCE STARTERS Artist's work:

This artists work is aboutdiscuss its theme)
It was created in(date)
In this artwork they use describe (shape and form) (tone and
colour) (pattern and texture).
They use the materialsand explain how they used them.
I chose to look at this artist /artwork because
how it links to your theme)
It will help me with my own work because
I'm going to take influence from this artists by
I like this work because

Tone

Bright

Dark

Faded

Smooth

Harsh

Contrasting

Intense

Sombre

Grey

Strong

Powerful

Feint

Light

Medium

Dark

Dramatic

Large

Small

Tier 2 Vocab Improve Materials

<u>Tier 3 Vocab</u> Refine

Manipulation Collage Context

Shape, form, space Closed Open Distorted Flat Organic Deep Flat Positive Negative Foreground Background Composition Curvaceous Elongated Large Small 2D 3D

Vocabulary - Formal elements

Pattern and Texture Repeated Uniform Geometric Random Symmetrical Soft Irregular Coarse Bold Uneven Bumpy Rough Smooth Uneven Spiky Broken Furry Flat Fine Grid

Line Fluent Free Rough Controlled Powerful Strong Geometric Angular Light Delicate Flowing Simple Thick Thin Horizontal Broken Interrupted Rounded Overlapping Broken Faint

Colour Bright Bold Primary Secondary Tertiary Radiant Dull Vivid Contrasting Deep Monochrome Harmonious Complementary Natural Earthy Subtle Pale Cool Warm Saturated Luminous Strong